CS3331 Concurrent Computing Course Information

It takes a really bad school to ruin a good student and a really fantastic school to rescue a bad student.

Spring 2021

Dennis J. Frailey

General Information: 1/5

- Course: CS3331 Concurrent Computing
- Office: Rekhi 305
- Instructor: Ching-Kuang Shene aka C-K
- Meeting: M/W/F 2-2:50pm Remote Async
- Office Hrs: No F2F Meeting. Use email or Zoom meeting
- Textbook: No textbook; but you will have my more than 500+ slides and web-based materials.
- **Exams:** *two* exams and *one* final
- Programming: six programming assignments
- Others: Many Questions will be posted in the videos and on Weekly Reading Lists
- Check the course page frequently for announcements and weekly reading
- No late programs will be graded

General Information: 2/5

- www.csl.mtu.edu/cs3331.ck/www/Home.html
- Iclasses/cs3331.ck/common Or /local/cs3331.ck/common Or /mtu/cs3331.ck/common will have all slides used in class, software, etc. Check it frequently. More Later!
- This is a programming intensive class. Always start working on programming assignments EARLY! Except for a valid excuse with proofs, no extension will be given.
- We will use C and later C++. C++ will be reviewed to fit our need but won't go very deep.
- I do not have an attendance policy. However, *if you fail*, you fail. 8
- Week 5 to week 11 cover the most difficult topics. 3

General Information: 3/5

- Use the command line version of submit and verify that all required files have been submitted.
- If you use the command line version of submit, use the recover command to check for submitted files.
- Use dos2unix or similar utilities to convert your Windows test files to Unix before submission.
- WE ONLY ACCEPT TEXT FILES. DO NOT FORMAT YOUR FILES WITH A WORD PROCESSOR.
- Unix filenames are CASE SENSITIVE!

General Information: 4/5

- The following is VERY important to remember:
 - My grading policy is based on how many key points you have successfully answered.
 - If a problem has four key points and is assigned 20 points, you get
 - **≻**0 point if all four key points are missing
 - **>**5 points if you get one key point right
 - >10 points if you get two key points right
 - >15 points if you get three key points right

>20 points if you get all key points right.

I do not do grade inflation!

General Information: 5/5

Course Outline

*****Part 1: Introduction

Part 2: Processes and Threads

*Part 3: Synchronization (*Most difficult. Don't skip* classes)

- >Mutual Exclusion and Its Solutions
- >Locks, Semaphores, Monitors, Condition Variables
- Race conditions, Deadlocks and Livelocks, Busy Waiting and Starvation
- Simple Message Passing

Part 4: Programming Interfaces and Language Supports
Part 5: Concurrent Architectures and GPU Programming

FAQ: 1/5

The following is VERY important to remember:

- My grading policy is based on how many key points you have successfully answered.
- You may use your wording to answer a question. However, you have to make sure every point will be addressed properly.
- *Thus, grading is not random and is fair. It is a correctness-based approach. Hence, it is fair and is not a way to make you feeling fair.
- I do not do grade inflation! You get what you have answered correctly.

FAQ: 2/5

Here is an example:

- If a problem has four key points and is assigned 20 points, you get
 - ✓ 0 point if all four key points are missing
 - ✓ 5 points if you get one key point right
 - ✓ 10 points if you get two key points right
 - ✓ 15 points if you get three key points right

✓ 20 points if you get all key points right.

- Note that what you think is correct may not be considered correct by me. Read the slides carefully.
- Again, I do not do grade inflation!

FAQ: 3/5

- Each programming assignment has its own grading sheet.
- You may find this blank grading sheet near the bottom on the assignment page when it is online.
- In this way, you know what the key elements are for each assignment.
- Always read the submission guidelines carefully and make sure your program is correct.

FAQ: 4/5

- You may ask for a regrading for each exam and program.
- Regrades must be requested within 7 days from the day you get the quiz, exam or program back. Regrade requests made out of this time frame will not be regraded and be returned immediately.
- You have to write clearly why a regrade is needed. Note that this writing must be correctness-based.
- Allow for at least seven days or the next grade post to see an upgrade. If your grade is not updated, it means your grade does not change.
- You are responsible to pick up your regraded stuffs either by email or postal mail.

FAQ: 5/5

- You must receive 60% in both exam and programming to have a pass grade.
- What does this 60% mean?
 - I have a record of the performance of all students in the past 10 years.
 - This 60% is calculated based on this database rather than a particular class. The purpose is to make sure all students from this class will meet the average of ALL previous students.
 - Sometime around the 6th week, those who are likely to fail will have a * shown on each category (i.e., programming and exam).

Other Stuffs: 1/4

- We will use asynchronous remote lectures. In this way, you have the freedom to study at any time.
- You have to do a good time management and the willingness to do your work.
- Videos will be pre-recorded and available in the common directory

/classes/cs3331.ck/common

and on the class slide page.

Each week a Weekly Reading List is available in which you have working problems, videos and programming assignments.

Other Stuffs: 2/4

- The slide page will be updated with new slides and videos. So, check this page frequently so that you will be up-to-date.
- If you have a Linux system, you may use it to do
 ALL assignments.
- If you have a macOS system, you may use it to do the first two assignments.
- If you use Windows, you may use PuTTY to ssh to a CS server such as colossus. WinSCP is a good software for transferring files from your Windows to your CS Linux account.

Other Stuffs: 3/4

- The first Programming Assignments are Unix/Linux based. Your may use either macOS or Linux locally and transfer the files to be submitted to your CS account.
- If you use a Windows system, you must use a ssh capable system to login to a CS machine to do your work. PuTTY is a good choice.
- The last four programming assignments use a software ThreadMentor developed under the support of National Science Foundation.
- The statically linked Linux 64-bit version is in the common directory.

Other Stuffs: 4/4

- If you have a Linux 64-bit system, you can install ThreadMentor directly.
- If you use macOS or Windows, you may download VMware Fusion (macOS) or VMware Workstation (Windows). Then, install a Red Hat Linux on this virtual machine and put ThreadMentor on this Linux system.
- User guides should be available soon!
- IMPORTANT: The system load on your system is much lighter than on a CS server. You must test your programs on a CS machine, because we use a CS machine for grading.

Website: 1/6

CS3331 Concurrent Com Course Information Page Fall 2020	ore the officient of the formation of th		
Course Instructor Dr. CK. Shene Office Rekhi 305 Class Morina Monday ar/ Wonesday 16:05 Classroom Dr. Moulay and Wednesday 15:05 Office Hour Monday and Wednesday 15:05 Phone (906) 487.3392 e-mail shene@mtu.edu	^{17.20} sl.mtu.edu , 15.55	/cs3331.ck/www	v/Home.html
10101010100101010101010101001010101010	Click <u>here</u> to see the most recent Click <u>here</u> to see the most recent Click <u>here</u> for the most recent	t aunouncements (December 4, 2020) ThreadMentor FAQ (March 8, 2019) grade posting (December 22, 2020)	0100101000010100100100100101010100101010
Some Important Advises			
 Always start doing your programming assignt same time making system response time extre department machines crash in the last minute Concurrent programming requires a careful p programming assignment, do not sit in front of to finish your assignment. The best way of doi Since the behavior of a concurrent program is for one or two test cases is not sufficient. Our the same program. However, bugs of a concur have had hundreds correct test runs. Due to security reasons, starting with Fall of 2 submitted properly. If you choose to use the co After submitting your assignment, DO NOT n Always read the assigned materials listed in tf 	ment EARLY. Waiting until the last few hours is mely slow. Moreover, machines may crash caus s. Always start early. planning, which may need a mindset that is diffe if a workstation and start typing your program in ing concurrent programming assignments is to t s dynamic, which means it acts differently from grader will read your program to find possible e rrent program (e.g., race conditions and deadloc 2008, you will not receive submission confirmatio ommand line version of submit, you should use u nodify your files so that the system administrato he weekly reading lists and do the problems. We	s definitely not a wise move, because there could be too ing extra delay. Normally, I do not grant any extension erent from that of sequential programming you learne immediately. This trial-and-error approach, in genera think carefully with a pencil and a piece of paper befor time to time, you should try to reason about the corre errors. When writing sequential programs, the same b tks) may not appear every time. As a result, you may h on e-mails. As a result, you should use the interactive the recover command to verify your submission. did n ekly reading lists are available near the bottom of this	 many people running their programs at the if your home machine, your phone line or the d in previous courses. When you receive a L DOES NOT work and may require longer time to touching a computer keyboard. tress of your program. In general, just running ug appears at the same place every time you run ave an incorrect program even though you may version of submit and ensure all required files are of go through successfully. page.
Catalog Description			
This course will discuss concepts and techniques in con- liveness, message passing, and concurrent architecture	ncurrent computing. Major topics include: processe s.	es and threads, mutual exclusion, semaphores, monitors a	nd condition synchronization, deadlock, safety and
Course Credits, etc.			
Credits: 3.0, Lec-Rec-Lab: (0-3-0), Semesters Offered:	Fall, Spring		
Course Prerequisites			
CS 1142 or (CS1141 and CS1040) and CS2311 and CS Course Objectives and Learning Outcomes	22210 00 101 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		
1 Know the basics of concurrent computing			

Website: 2/6

Topics Covered

- 1. Basic systems concepts important to concurrent computing
- 2. Multi-process and multithreaded programming basics
- 3. Race conditions, critical sections, and synchronization
- 4. Pure software and hardware solutions and proof techniques for mutual exclusion
- Synchronization primitives (i.e., semaphores, mutex locks, monitors of Hoare and Mesa types, basic message passing)
 Deadlocks and livelocks
- 7. Survey of some languages (e.g., Java and Ada) and libraries (e.g., Pthreads)

Textbook

ere is no suitable textbook for this course. All slides used in class and supporting materials are available;

- in the common directory /classes/cs3331.ck/common or /local/classes/cs3331.ck/common or /mtu/classes/cs3331.ck/common
- this page if you prefer web access.
- Software tools and example programs are only available in the common directory.
- heck the /classes/cs3331.ck/common directory or this page frequently for new slides and other available stuffs.
- **_____**

Other Useful Materials

- Make your program
- Multithreaded Programming with ThreadMentor
- Solaris multithreaded programming
- Unix Multiprocess Programming
- Signals
- Non-Local GOTO: setjmp() and longjmp()

cd /classes/cs3331.ck/common

III II ---

+ 100%

-8

Meeting Time and Office Hours

notoriotid	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday ()
13:05 - 13:55	101010101	Dept. Meeting	010110100	TPR Meeting	10010101
14:05+14:55	CS5631 Rekhi G009	0110100101 0101101001 0101011010	CS5631 Rekhi G009	01010101010 100101010 101001000	CS5631 Rekhi G009
15:05+15:55	Office Hour Rekhi 305	1010010101 010101010 110100101010	Office Hour Rekhi 305		Department Seminar
16:05-17:20	C\$3331 M&M U115	1011010010	CS3331 M&M U115	00101010101	

O O After class and e-mail discussions are welcome

M&M: Minerals & Materials Engineering Building

🛃 EEWindowEvaluati....pdf \land

Sheet1

Show all

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Website: 3/6



The theory part has two midterm exams and some quizzes. The sum of the scores you will obtain has a 50% weight. The programming part has five to six assignments, depending on our progress. The sum of the scores you will obtain constitutes the other 50%. Grading will be based approximately on the scale shown in the table below.

F

Grade AB B BC C CD D A Scale 90-100% 85-89% 80-84% 75-79% 70-74% 65-69% 60-64% 0-59%

Website: 4/6

Exams and Final You are responsible for avoiding exam time conflicts!! ADA "MTU complies with all federal and state laws and regulations regarding discrimination, including the Americans with Disability Act of 1990 (ADA). for equal access to education or services at MTU, please call Dr. Bonnie B. Gorman, Dean of Students, (2212). For other concerns about discrimination, you may contact your advisor, department head, or the Affirmative Action Office (3310). The following two web sites may provide you with more information Disability Services Institutional Equality Office **Other Useful Information** MTU Counseling Services Academic Calendar **Downloadable Stuffs** Files are in HTML or PDF format. **Programming Assignments and EXAM Solutions** • Programming Information Programming Assignment I Programming Assignment II Programming Assignment III Programming Assignment IV Programming Assignment V Programming Assignment VI • Exam Information

Exam 1 Solutions (PDF file)

- Exam 2 Solutions (PDF file)
- <u>Exam 2 solutions</u> (PDF file)

Reading Lists

Weekly Reading Lists

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14

You are visitor 096527 since January 16, 2011 Last update: August 30, 2020

Please send comments and suggestions to <u>shene@mtu.edu</u>

Website: 5/6

CS3331 Concurrent Computing Slides -- (Fall 2020 Version)

Always make sure you use the current version of slides for study as I update these slides EVERY semester. Moreover, if you cannot access a certain sets of slides, it means they are being updated and should be available soon.

Number of Weeks	Course	Slides	No. of Slides	Total Slides	
1	Basics			33	33
1	Hardware and OS Stuffs	02-Hardware-OS.pdf	12	45	
3	Decours and Three de	Process	03-Process.pdf	65	110
		Threads	<u>04-Thread.pdf</u>	23	133
1	Critical Sections and Mutual Exclusion	05-Sync-Basics.pdf	26	159	
		Software and Hardware Solutions	<u>06-Sync-Soft-Hardware.pdf</u>	29	188
		A Very Brief C++ and ThreadMentor Review	<u>07-Some-Cpp-TM.pdf</u>	50	238
		Mutex Locks and Semaphores	08-Semaphores.pdf	78	316
6	Synchronization	Race Condition: Revisited	09-Race-Conditions.pdf	34	350
		Monitors	<u>10-Monitors.pdf</u>	40	390
		Deadlock and Livelock	<u>11-Deadlock.pdf</u>	15	405
		Communication Channels	<u>12-Channels.pdf</u>	28	433
		Java Threads and Synchronization	<u>13-Java-Threads.pdf</u>	16	449
2	Programming Languages and System Supports	Ada Tasking	<u>14-Ada-Tasking.pdf</u>	20	469
		Pthreads	<u>15-Pthreads.pdf</u>	17	486

Other Stuffs

Topics	Slides	Videos	No. of Slides	Total Slides
Course Information	<u>3331-info.pdf</u>	none	12	12
More Mutual Exclusion Examples	Mutual-Exclusion-Examples.pdf	CS3331-2020-1109-Mutual-Exclusion-Examples.mp4	23	35
EXAM I Review	EXAM1.pdf	CS3331-2020-1110-EXAM1-Review.mp4	31	66
EXAM II Review	EXAM2.pdf	CS3331-2020-1110-EXAM2-Review.mp4	32	98

Website: 6/6

Other Stuffs

Topics	Slides	Videos	No. of Slides	Total Slides	
Course Information	<u>3331-info.pdf</u>	none	12	12	
More Mutual Exclusion Examples	Mutual-Exclusion-Examples.pdf	CS3331-2020-1109-Mutual-Exclusion-Examples.mp4	23	35	
EXAM I Review	EXAM1.pdf	CS3331-2020-1110-EXAM1-Review.mp4	31	66	
EXAM II Review	EXAM2.pdf	CS3331-2020-1110-EXAM2-Review.mp4	32	98	

Videos

Video Content	Date	Link
Basics	September 9, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-0909.mp4</u>
Hardware/OS and Process	September 14, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-0914.mp4</u>
Process and fork()	September 16, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-0916.mp4</u>
execvp() and Shared Memory	September 21, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-0921-Process.mp4</u>
Shared Memory and Threads	September 23, 2020	CS3331-2020-0923-Shared-Memory-Threads.mp4
Threads, Part II	September 30, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-1001-Multicore.mp4</u>
Mutual Exclusion	September 30, 2020	CS3331-2020-0930-Mutual-Exclusion.mp4
Software and Hardware Solutions	October 5, 2020	CS3331-2020-1005-Software-Solutions.mp4
Software and Hardware Solutions	October 7, 2020	CS3331-2020-1007-Hardware-Solutions.mp4
C++ and ThreadMentor Review	October 10, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-1010-Cpp-Review.mp4</u>
C++ and ThreadMentor Review	October 14, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-1013-TM-Review.mp4</u>
ThreadMentor Demo 1	October 14, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-1014-TM-Demo.mp4</u>
Semaphores: Concepts	October 16, 2020	CS3331-2020-1016-Semaphores-Part-1-Concepts.mp4
Semaphores: Examples	October 25, 2020	CS3331-2020-1025-Semaphores-Part-2-Examples.mp4
Semaphores: Baton Passing	October 31, 2020	CS3331-2020-1031-Semaphores-Part-3-Pass-the-Baton.mp4
Semaphores: ThreadMentor	October 31, 2020	<u>CS3331-2020-1031-Semaphores-Part-4-TM.mp4</u>
Semaphores: ThreadMentor Demo	November 2, 2020	CS3331-2020-1102-Semaphores-Part-5-TM-Demo.mp4

Grade Distributions: 2011-2020 Worst Class and Worst Evaluation Ever

Grad																		
e	11F	128	12 F	138	13 F	14S	14F	13	15F	16S	16F	17S	17F	18S	18F	19S	19F	20F
A	26	23	12	25	12	19	13	3	16	10	20	14	20	10	25	14.6	12.2	21.28
AB	20	9	4	33	19	21	15	3	6	10	22	7	16	24	4.2	9.8	9.8	17.02
B	11	20	16	17	14	12	9	5	22	12	5	10	14	16	10.4	12.2	19.5	8.51
BC	6	14	16	8	2	21	15	30	12	17	15	12	11	16	10.4	9.8	17.1	10.64
С	9	6	4	6	7	5	9	14	14	8	5	12	9	9	20.8	4.9	4.9	19.15
CD	3	9	8	3	7	5	9	11	6	12	11	12	9	7	2.1	17.1	4.9	10.64
D	6	6	24	0	24	7	4	14	10	21	2	19	5	14	18.8	14.6	22	8.51
F	20	14	16	8	14	10	28	22	12	12	20	14	16	5	8.3	17.1	9.8	4.26
Size	35	35	25	36	42	42	47	37	49	52	55	42	56	58	48	41	41	49

Data shown here only include students who completed this class. Students who did not take the final exam were not included. It takes a really bad school to ruin a good student and a really fantastic school to rescue a bad student.

Dennis J. Frailey

The End